

FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENTS

Statements in this presentation that are not historical facts are forward-looking statements that reflect management's current expectations, assumptions, and estimates of future performance and economic conditions. Such statements are made in reliance on the safe harbor provisions of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933 and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Words such as "anticipates," "believes," "plans," "expects," "intends," "will," "potential," "hope," and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements are subject to risks and uncertainties, and may never materialize or may prove to be incorrect. Actual results and the timing of events could differ materially from those anticipated in such forward-looking statements due to various risks and uncertainties.

These forward-looking statements may include, but are not limited to, statements about the benefits of our acquisitions, including financial and operating results, and the Company's plans, objectives, expectations, and intentions. Among the risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ from those expressed in forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to: unaudited estimates of BTC production; our future hash rate growth (EH/s); our expected schedule of new miner deliveries; our ability to successfully deploy new miners; our megawatts of capacity under development; the integration of acquired businesses may not be successful, or such integration may take longer or be more difficult, time-consuming or costly to accomplish than anticipated; failure to otherwise realize anticipated efficiencies and strategic and financial benefits from our acquisitions; and the impact of COVID-19 on us, our customers, or on our suppliers in connection with our estimated timelines.

Detailed information regarding other factors that may cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed or implied by statements in this presentation may be found in the Company's filings with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"), including in the sections entitled "Risk Factors" and "Cautionary Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements" of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020, and our other filings with the SEC, including, but not limited to the additional risk factors set forth in the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on May 26, 2021, copies of which may be obtained from the SEC's website at www.sec.gov. All forward-looking statements included in this presentation are made only as of the date of this presentation, and the Company disclaims any intention or obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances that subsequently occur, or of which the Company hereafter becomes aware, except as required by law. Persons reading this presentation are cautioned not to place undue reliance on forward-looking statements.



INVESTMENT HIGHLIGHTS









A trailblazing
US Bitcoin
mining platform

Serves as a public vehicle for investors seeking exposure to Bitcoin

Clear and significantly de-risked pathway for expansion

Demonstrated
track record
of success
across
organization

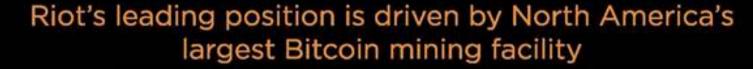
Riot provides a best-in-class Bitcoin mining investment opportunity



Ticker Symbol NASDAQ	RIOT
Share Price	\$20.86 ^{co}
Shares Issued & Outstanding	115.9 MILLION(2)
Avg. Daily Trading Volume	14.9 MILLION(3)
Net Cash	\$57.9 MILLION(4)
BTC Held on Balance Sheet	4,889 BTC(5)
Current Riot Hashing Capacity	3.1 EH/S(6)
Future Riot Hashing Capacity	12.8 EH/S ⁽⁷⁾

2021 Q3: THREE MONTHS ENDE	D SEPT 30, 2021
Total Bitcoin Mined	1,292
Average Bitcoin Mined Daily	14.0
Bitcoin Mining Direct Margin	75.7%
Total Revenue	\$64.8 MILLION
Avg. Direct Cost / Bitcoin Mined	\$10,096
Net Income (loss)	\$(15.3) MILLION
Adjusted EBITDA(8)	\$37.6 MILLION®





WHINSTONE US

100 ACRES

Rockdale, Texas

750 MW

total capacity

2.4c/kWh(1)

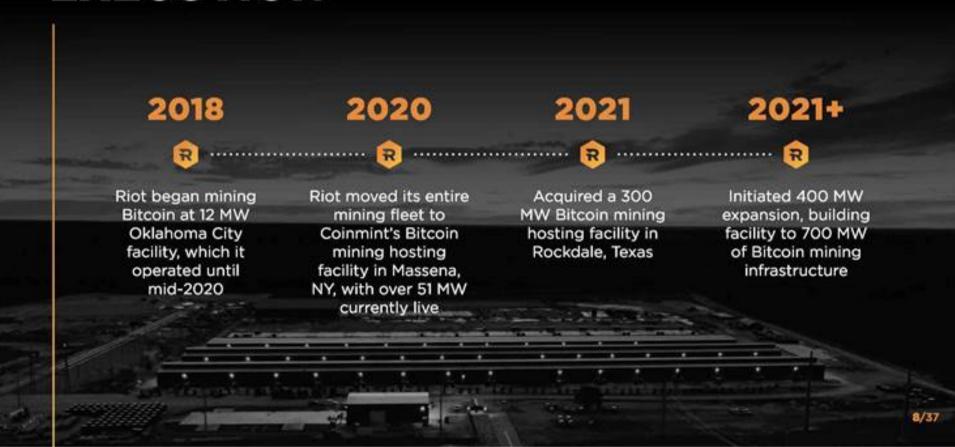
industry-leading power rate

150+

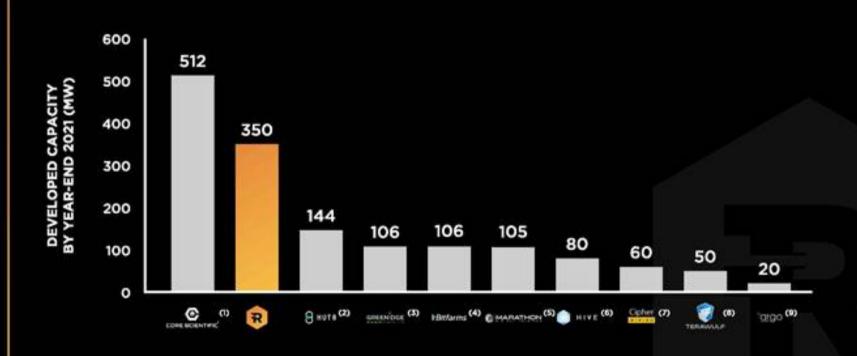
employees forming the talented execution team

During 2021 G3, based on power strategy consisting of long-term PPA, ancitary services revenue, and real-time power procurement. Subject to change based on marks conditions.

A PROVEN LEADER IN EXECUTION

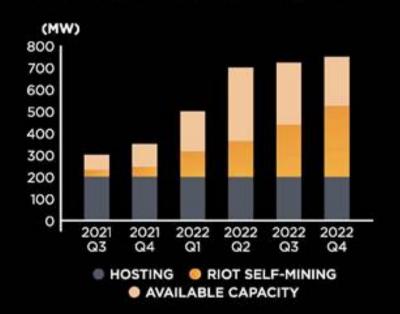


A LEADER IN DEVELOPED CAPACITY



(1) July 2021 investor presentation; (2) September 2021 investor presentation; (3) March 2021 merger presentation; (4) November 15, 2021 press release; (5) September 2021 investor presentation; (6) Company website & press release; (7) March 2021 merger presentation; (8) August 2, 2021 press release; (9) Company website.

A LEADER IN FUTURE CAPACITY



In June 2021, Riot commenced a substantial expansion project at the Whinstone facility to more than double the site's capacity

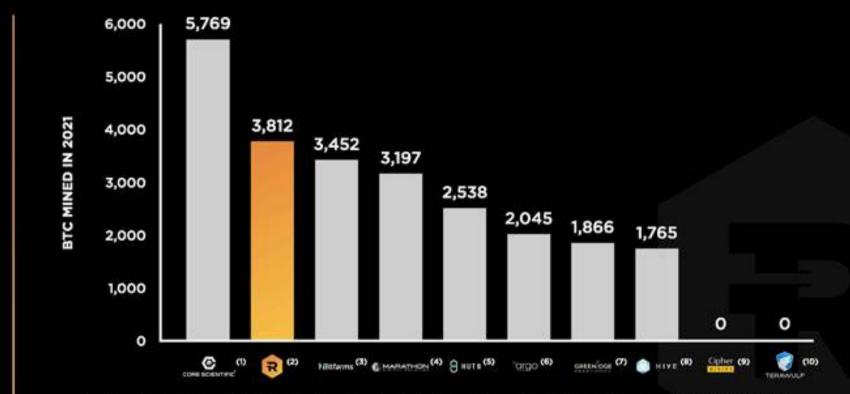
- Four new buildings, totaling approximately 240,000 ft² and adding 400 MW of capacity
- Expansion is anticipated to provide the capacity to house approximately 112,000
 S19 series Antminers when completed
- First portion expected to be completed 2022 Q1, and the balance by 2022 Q2

When completed, this expansion will increase Whinstone's industry-leading power capacity to 700 MW

Note: Forecast period estimates based on contracted capacity. For four-building 400 MW expansion, the two air-cooled buildings are estimated to cost \$30 million per building development, inclusive of high-voltage transformer. The two immersion-cooled buildings are estimated to cost \$50 million per building development, inclusive of high-voltage transformers. Final expanses for all buildings subject to market price for required goods and services.

A LEADER IN

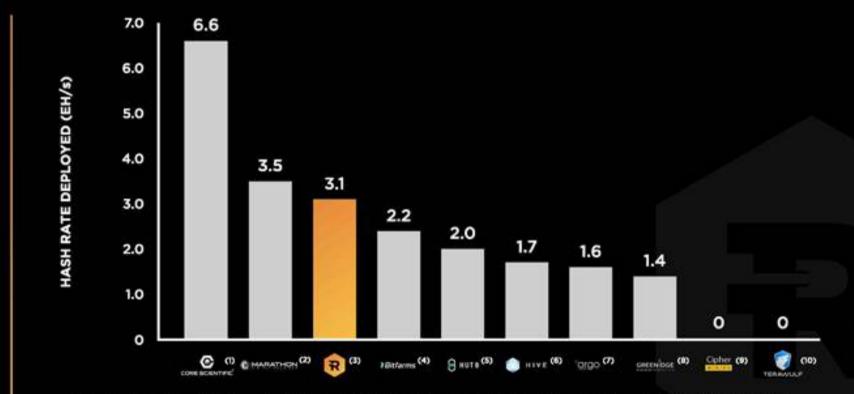
SELF-MINED BITCOIN PRODUCTION



(1) 1/5/22 press release; (2) 1/5/22 press release; (3) 1/3/22 press release; (4) 1/3/22 press release; (5) 1/5/22 and 2021 press release; excludes October; (6) 1/7/22 press release; (7) 1/7/22 press release; (8) 1/10/22 press release; (9) 1/10/22 press release; (9) 1/10/22 press release; (10) 1/10/22 press r

A LEADER IN

HASH RATE DEPLOYED



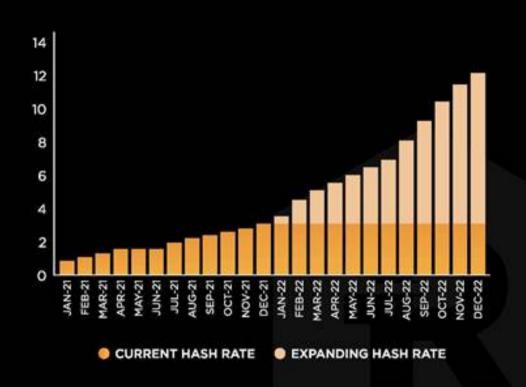
(1) \/5/22 press release; (2) \/5/22 press release; (3) \/5/22 press release; (4) \/3/22 press release; (5) \/5/22 press release; (6) \/10/22 press release; (7) As of November 2021; (8) \/7/22 press release; (9) N/A; (10) N/A.

ROBUST HASH RATE GROWTH

Since 2019, Riot has executed multiple long-term purchase orders with Bitmain, with expected monthly deliveries through 2022 Q4

Riot's aggregate Bitcoin self-mining hash rate capacity estimated to reach:

> 12.8 EH/s by Q4 2022

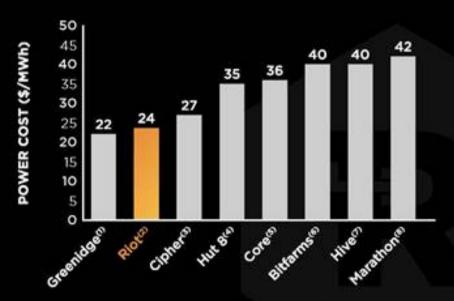


A LEADER IN COST OF PRODUCTION

Third quarter average net power cost for Riot self-mining at Whinstone was 2.4c/kWh

RIOT'S POWER STRATEGY INCLUDES:

- Long-term, low-cost power purchase agreement
- Participation in grid revenue programs
- Real-time power procurement



(1) Merger presentation as of March 22, 2021; (2) Power cost at Whinstone facility; (3) Merger presentation as of March 2021; (4) Publicly disclosed rate for operational facility; in Medicine Hat; (5) July 2021 merger presentation; (6) October 2021 investor presentation; (7) Quebec facility; September 2020 investor presentation; (8) Includes hosted machines; November 2021 investor presentation.



- First industrial-scale immersion-cooled Bitcoin mining operation
- 200 MW of 400 MW expansion is committed to using immersioncooling technology
- Helps machines run at significantly cooler operating temperatures than traditional aircooling, resulting in increased hash rate and improved financial output





VERTICAL INTEGRATION IS A SUPERIOR LONG-TERM STRATEGY

More direct control over own infrastructure drives superior financial returns and greater financial flexibility

15T STRATEGIC BENEFIT CONTROL

More Control over Business

- Development
- Deployment
 - · Security
- Suppliers

2ND STRATEGIC BENEFIT FINANCIAL

Superior Financial Profile

- Better long-term IRR, payback period, and profitability
 - Potential greater balance sheet flexibility
- · Institutional financial clients

1ST BENEFIT IN ACTION: CONTROL

COST RISK

Ability to "plug in" miners upon arrival at known cost (do not need to constantly negotiate with hosting providers)

SUPPLIER RISK

No reliance on third-party hosting providers, limiting counter-party risk

EXECUTION RISK

Control over infrastructure development timelines to match deployment schedule of miners

..... MARKET RISK

Low production cost provides substantial downside protection during market corrections

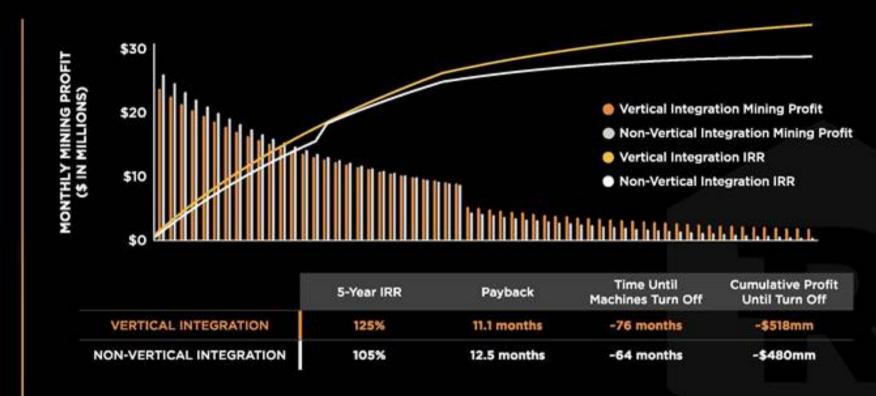
······ SECURITY RISK

24/7 on-site monitoring of cyber and physical operations

..... FINANCIAL RISK

If desired, infrastructure affords an alternative financing source with a substantially lower cost of capital than miner financing

2ND BENEFIT IN ACTION: SUPERIOR FINANCIAL PROFILE



Note: Estimated; see page 27 in Appendix for detailed outline of key assumptions underlying analysis.

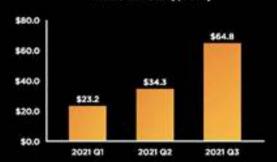
MANAGEMENT & BOARD



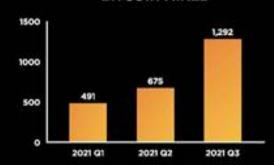
Supported by team of 150+ employees with expertise in construction, deployment, procurement, etc.

RELEVANT FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

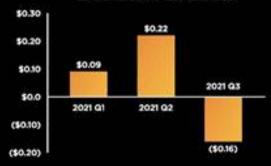




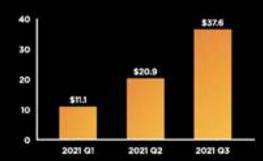
BITCOIN MINED



EARNINGS PER SHARE



ADJUSTED EBITDA (\$MM)(1)



(1) Non-GAAP financial measure (definition and/or reconciliation in Appendix on slide 28).



Riot Blockchain, Inc.

CONTACT: ir@riotblockchain.com



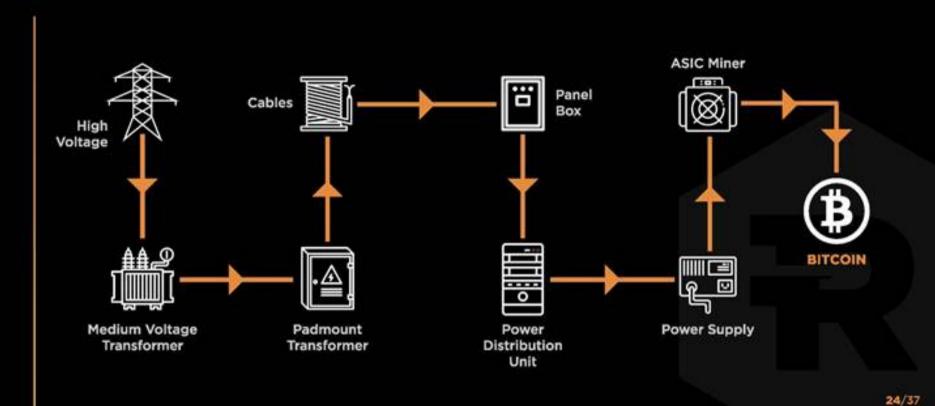
ILLUSTRATIVE MINING BUILD

		2022E	2023E	2024E	FIRST 3 YEARS OF LIFESPAN
	BTC Mined	0.14	0.08	0.04	0.26
Single S19 Pro	Direct Costs	\$922	\$922	\$922	\$2,767
	BTC Mined	3,894	2,374	1,200	7,468
100 MW Building (-28,000 miners)	Direct Costs	\$26,352,000	\$26,352,000	\$26,352,000	\$79,056,000

Note: Assumes linear growth in network hashrate with year-end targets of 198, 334, 537, and 623 EH/s in 2021, 2022, 2023, and 2024, respectively. Assumes block reward of 6.25 BTC and 0 transaction premium through April 2024, then halves the block reward to 3.325 BTC and 0 transaction premium in May 2024. Assumes 519 Pro performance of 110 TH/s at 3,500 W. Assumes power cost of \$0.025 c/kWh and infrastructure operating cost of \$0.005 per kWh. Assumes no increase in direct costs.

ELECTRICAL INFRASTRUCTURE

THE BACKBONE OF THE THE DIGITAL ECONOMY



SECURING CRITICAL COMPONENTS

FOR WHINSTONE 700 MW BUILDOUT

	REQUIRED UNITS	PURCHASED UNITS	DELIVERED UNITS	INSTALLE
High Voltage Transformers	7	7	7	7
Medium Voltage Transformers	284	284	284	160
Medium Voltage Cables	89,400	89,400	45,400	40,500
Low Voltage Cables	1,662,600	1,662,600	1,355,700	912,870
Medium Voltage Switchgear	38	38	33	22
Low Voltage Panel Boards	944	944	858	808
Power Distribution Unit	14,388	14,388	10,644	10,356

ACQUISITION OF ESS METRON



On December 1, 2021, Riot acquired ESS Metron, a premier provider of highly-engineered electrical equipment solutions, for approximately \$50 million⁽¹⁾



Over sixty years of experience and a leading supplier to third-parties



De-risks procurement of mission-critical infrastructure



Enhances Riot's competitive position across the electrical supply chain



Critical component in developing Riot's customized immersion-cooling technology

ESS Metron is a key provider of many of the critical Bitcoin mining components highlighted on page 25.

KEY ASSUMPTIONS TO

"2ND BENEFIT IN ACTION: SUPERIOR FINANCIAL...

OVERALL ASSUMPTIONS

- Timing: 10-year forecast with starting date of 1/1/22 with halvings estimated to occur in May 2024 and May 2028
- Network: Starting network hash rate of 200 EH/s increasing by 10 EH/s, except for months when a halving occurs. When a
 halving occurs, it is assumed that network hash rate declines by 25%. Block reward of 6.25 bitcoins through April 2024, 3.125
 bitcoins from May 2024 through April 2028, and 1.5625 bitcoins from May 2028 through December 2031. No transaction fees.
 Constant bitcoin price
- Miners: 110 TH/s and 3,500 W per miner. Constant miner pricing of \$6,250 per unit
- Operating Costs: \$0.005 / kWh

VERTICAL INTEGRATION

- Infrastructure and Miner Capex: -\$209 million, comprised of -28,570 miners at \$6,250 per unit and 100 MW of electrical infrastructure at \$30 million
- Power Cost: \$0.025 / kWh

NON-VERTICALLY INTEGRATED

- Infrastructure and Miner Capex: -\$209 million, comprised of -33,370 miners at \$6,250 per unit
- . Fixed Hosting Fee: \$0.045 / kWh
- Expedite Fees: One-time upfront investment of -\$190 per miner, roughly consistent with per unit fee as recently disclosed in peer's May 2021 hosting agreement
- Construction Bridge Loan: 18-month, 0% interest, bridge loan provided to hosting partner of -\$920 per miner for construction
 of electrical infrastructure, roughly consistent with per unit amount as recently disclosed in peer's May 2021 hosting agreement

ADJUSTED EBITDA RECONCILIATION

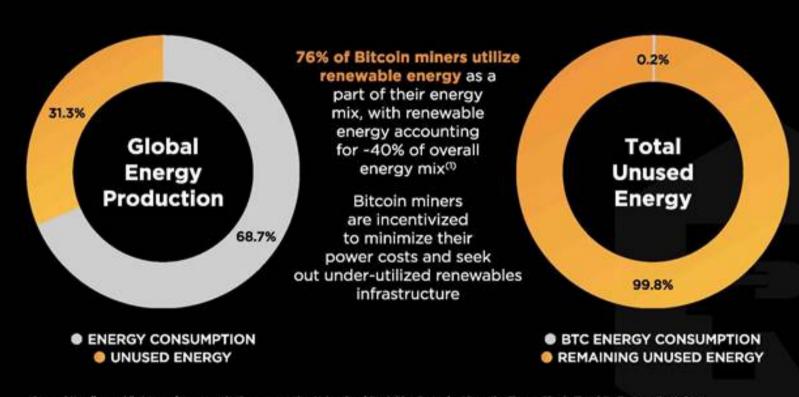
EBITDA COMPUTATION	2021 Q1	2021 Q2	2021 Q3
NET INCOME (LOSS)	\$7,530	\$19,337	\$(15,343)
Interest (income) expense	(175)	(80)	(40)
Income tax expense	-	3,730	-
Depreciation and amortization	2,846	5,738	12,207
EBITDA	\$10,201	\$28,725	\$(3,176)

ADJUSTMENTS:			
Non-cash/non-recurring operating expense:			
Stock-based compensation expense	936	969	36,023
Acquistion related costs	2	18,342	552
Change in fair value of derivative asset (gain) loss	-	(16,578)	(7,228)
Change in fair value of contingent consideration (gain) loss	-	185	259
Impairment of cryptocurrencies	2	17,507	
Realized (gain) on sale/exchange of long-term investment	÷	(26,260)	-
Realized (gain) on sale/exchange of cryptocurrencies	-	(29)	(65)
Unrealized loss (gain) on marketable equity securities	-	(339)	11,151
Other (income) expense	-	(1,510)	45
Other revenue, (income) expense items:			
License fees	(24)	(24)	(25)
ADJUSTED EBITDA	\$11,113	\$20,908	\$37,576

Adjusted EBITDA is a financial measure defined as our EBITDA, adjusted to eliminate the effects of certain non-cash and/or non-recurring items, that do not reflect our ongoing business operations. Adjusted EBITDA represents net income before interest, taxes, depreciation, emortization and certain non-cash, non-recurring and other adjustment items. The adjustments include fair value adjustments such as impairments of cryptocurrencies, gain or losses on sales of cryptocurrencies, derivative power contract adjustments, equity securities value changes, and non-cash stock-based compensation expense, in addition to financing and legacy business income and expense items. Adjusted EBITDA is provided in addition to, and should not be considered to be a substitute for, or superior to, the comparable measure under U.S. GAAP.



BITCOIN MINING: ENERGY USE



Source: https://ourworldindata.org/energy-production-consumption. University of Cambridge Centre for Alternative Finance Bitcoin Electricity Consumption Index.

BITCOIN MINING:

ENABLING THE ENERGY TRANSITION



Solar and wind are the least expensive energy sources in the world; however, they are also an intermittent power supply



Many new solar and wind deployments are limited or delayed due to grid congestion caused by their intermittent nature



Grid congestion from intermittent supply can be alleviated through congruent intermittent demand



Bitcoin mining operations provide the intermittent demand that allows additional supply to enter the market and stabilize the grid

Bitcoin mining serves as a complementary technology for clean energy production and storage

Source: Bitcoin Clean Energy Initiative

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WHAT IS BITCOIN?

The data structure
(blockchain) serves as the
public ledger of all
transactions

with a US \$800 billion global market capitalization⁽¹⁾

Sound money, with a supply
of only 21 million coins coded
into its supply schedule

The strongest, most secure, and most decentralized network of all cryptocurrencies

(1) Coinmarketcap.com as of 1/12/22.

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BITCOIN MINING: THE PROCESS

Repeatedly guessing inputs into an algorithm until the desired output is observed



Bitcoin transactions are pooled together in a "block"



Once a block is formed, miners compete to solve it, which is difficult to do but simple to verify



After it is solved, the transactions are "verified" by the network



The new block of verified transactions is attached to a chain of prior blocks ("blockchain")



For solving the puzzle, miners are rewarded with Bitcoin, which occurs every 10 minutes, on average

Currently, the reward is 6.25 BTC per block solved, totaling approximately 900 BTC per day network-wide

BITCOIN MINING:

PROFITABILITY DRIVERS

Annual Mining Profitability =

$$\left[\left(\frac{\text{Riot's Hash Rate}}{\text{Network Hash Rate}} \right) \times \left(\frac{\text{Price}}{\text{of BTC}} \right) \times \left(\frac{\text{6.25 Block}}{\text{Reward}} \right) + \left(\frac{\text{Transaction}}{\text{Premium}} \right) \times \left(\frac{52,560}{\text{Blocks}} \right) \right] - \left[\left(\frac{\text{Price of}}{\text{Miners}} \right) + \left(\frac{\text{Cost of}}{\text{Electricity}} \right) + \left(\frac{\text{Riot's Electricity}}{\text{Expenses}} \right) \right]$$

WHAT RIOT CONTROLS

- Riot's hash rate
- Cost of electricity

WHAT RIOT DOESN'T CONTROL

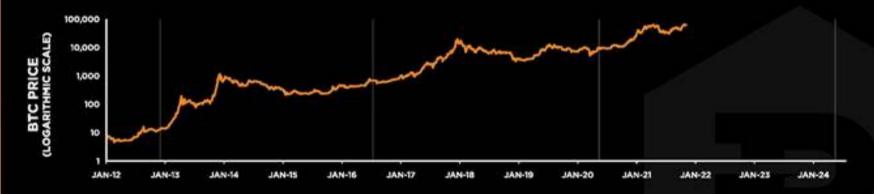
- Network hash rate
 - Price of BTC
- ✓ Corporate expenses

 X Block rewards & # of blocks per year
 - Price of miners

BITCOIN "HALVING" OVERVIEW

Bitcoin's fixed supply schedule is driven by programmatic changes in the block reward; every 210,000 blocks (roughly every four years) the block reward is reduced by 50% (i.e., "halving"). Following each halving, Bitcoin miners receive half the Bitcoin block per block mined.

HISTORICAL BITCOIN PRICE AND "HALVINGS"



All else being equal, this results in a reduction of mining revenue. The halving mechanism results in an ever-decreasing issuance rate of Bitcoin as the supply asymptotically approaches its maximum supply of 21 million, currently estimated by July 2141. Following each historical halving, Bitcoin has experienced significant price appreciation in the ensuing 18 months.

GLOSSARY

BITCOIN (BTC) a type of digital currency in which a record of transactions is maintained and new units of currency are generated by the computational solution of mathematical problems, and which operates independently of a central bank; a unit of Bitcoin

BLOCKCHAIN a system in which a record of transactions made in Bitcoin or another cryptocurrency is maintained across several computers that are linked in a peer-to-peer network

BLOCK a file that contains a "permanent" record of transactions

MINING the processing of transactions in the digital currency system, in which the records of current Bitcoin transactions, known as a blocks, are added to the record of past transactions, known as the blockchain

HASH RATE the measure of a miner's performance; number of calculations a miner can perform in 1 second as it works to solve the block

BLOCK REWARD the amount of Bitcoin awarded for successfully mining / verifying a block avg. # of BTC mined each day = (Block Reward) x (6x/hr) x (24 hrs/day)

(6.25 BTC/Block) x (6x/hr) x (24hrs/day) = 900 BTC mined each day on avg.